COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT AND INVOLUNTARY - ISOLATION GUIDELINES FOR THE CONTROL OF TUBERCULOSIS

Utah Department of Health Bureau of Communicable Disease Control February 2007

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I. PURPOSE:

GUIDELINE FOR COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT AND INVOLUNTARY-ISOLATION OF NONADHERENT CLIENTS WITH TUBERCULOSIS

In partnership with the local health departments (LHDs) and health care providers, the Utah Department of Health is responsible for implementation of the <u>Utah Health Code</u>, <u>Title 26</u>, <u>Chapter 6b</u>, <u>Communicable Diseases - Treatment</u>, <u>Isolation</u>, <u>and Quarantine Procedures</u>. This statute delineates the process for ordering involuntary treatment, isolation, and quarantine of persons with public endangering communicable diseases that are unable or unwilling to fully participate in their prescribed treatment.

The purpose of this manual and sample documents is to serve as a reference and guideline for court-ordered treatment, quarantine, and isolation of individuals who pose a threat to public health due to infection with Active Tuberculosis Disease (ATBD). This manual is intended to be a useful tool that will simplify and facilitate the process of court-ordered treatment, involuntary-isolation when less restrictive measures are ineffective. Following these guidelines will assure that public health interventions are enforceable and the rights of the client are respected.

Appropriateness of Court-Ordered Treatment and Involuntary-Isolation

Within the context of tuberculosis disease, the first priority of public health is to prevent further transmission of tuberculosis in the community by an infectious individual. This is accomplished by identifying all persons with active tuberculosis and ensuring appropriately prescribed treatment is completed. In order to safeguard appropriate use of scarce resources and comply with the civil liberty rights of the individual, it is recommended that the less restrictive levels of care be pursued aggressively before progressing to more restrictive levels. The levels of care are:

Level of Care 1: prescribed outpatient treatment provided by a health care provider, clinic, or LHD for those individuals both willing and able to fully participate in the treatment of their tuberculosis disease. Prescribed treatment shall be provided through the use of directly observed therapy (DOT). The use of incentives and enablers may also be provided to encourage client adherence to treatment.

Level of Care 2: enhanced surveillance for individuals who indicate an unwillingness or inability to undergo prescribed medical treatment, or have demonstrated poor adherence to treatment that has been previously initiated. Options may include additional incentives, utilization of a "treatment contract", and counseling regarding the consequences of non-adherence. Implementation of these additional measures ensures completion of treatment.

Level of Care 3: secure/locked hospital unit or facility offering negative pressure isolation and staff trained in tuberculosis control for accommodating infectious or potentially infectious clients who have failed adherence to treatment at less restrictive levels of care.

Level of Care 4: secure/locked housing such as long term care settings or correctional facilities, for those persons who have not responded to Level 3 strategies and are **noninfectious**. Adequate measures are provided that minimize/eliminate the flight risk of these individuals.

The Advisory Council for the Elimination of Tuberculosis defines *nonadherent behavior* as the inability or unwillingness to follow a prescribed treatment regimen. This may be demonstrated by refusing medication, taking medication inconsistently, missing health provider appointments, or failing to report for directly observed therapy (DOT). Individuals appropriate for court-ordered evaluation may also include contacts of active TB cases that are flight risks.

Although many health care providers believe they can predict a client's adherence to treatment, research indicates their predictions are correct only about 50% of the time. The strongest predictor of adherence to treatment is the client's history of adherence. The strongest predictor of future adherence problems is a history of nonadherence to treatment, particularly with TB medications. If there is documentation of nonadherence with previous TB treatment or preventive therapy, it is unlikely that the client will be successful in adhering to the current treatment regimen.

Other indicators for high-risk of nonadherence include: history of other medical treatment nonadherence; substance abuse; mental, emotional, or certain physical impairments that interfere with ability to self-administer medications; children; and adolescents. It is recommended that health care providers formally evaluate each client's potential nonadherence at the time TB medication is prescribed. The issue of treatment adherence is addressed in detail in the publication *Improving Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment*, U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (1994). This is an excellent resource that is available without charge.

The purpose of the following information is to assist local health departments in completing the process of establishing court-ordered treatment and involuntary- isolation.

¹<u>Improving Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment</u>, U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1994.

II. INCENTIVES AND ENABLERS:

STEPS BEFORE COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT AND INVOLUNTARY-ISOLATION

Local health departments and other agencies or facilities that treat tuberculosis infection and disease encourage client adherence to treatment by using incentives and enablers. Incentives are "small rewards given to patients either to encourage them to take their own medicines or to entice them to maintain regular clinic visits or field visits for DOT. Enablers are those things that 'enable' the patient to receive treatment." Enablers ease the difficulty of receiving and completing treatment, and assisting the client to overcome barriers to adherence. **Both incentives and enablers are most effective when individualized to each client's needs and interests.**

Incentives and enablers are alternative strategies included in **Levels of Care 1 and 2**. Consider their use when evaluating a nonadherent client. While incentives and enablers are more expensive than providing TB medication alone, it is a far less costly process than court-ordered treatment. It is important to attempt to exhaust the incentive/enabler option before proceeding to more restrictive options, from a viewpoint of both resource allocation and preservation of individual civil liberties. It may be necessary to modify or broaden the initial plan for incentives/enablers if the individual fails to respond. The use of incentives and enablers may facilitate and ensure completion of treatment and ward off implementation of the more restrictive and costly measures of **Level of Care 3 and 4** that encompass court-ordered treatment and involuntary-isolation in a secure/locked facility. Incentives and enablers should not be thought of as rewards for adherence to treatment, "good" behavior, or for being a "likeable" individual. From a public health standpoint incentives/enablers are intended to help with completion of therapy when an individual, for whatever reason, is not motivated or able to complete treatment.

In addition to <u>Improving Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment</u>, another excellent resource is <u>TB Enablers and Incentives</u> by the American Lung Association of South Carolina and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (1989). This booklet provides practical guidelines for implementation of incentives and enablers as well as examples of each.

²Improving Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment, pg. 23.

III. DOCUMENTATION OF NONADHERENCE

Local health departments and providers are encouraged to use the approach and suggestions outlined in *Improving Patient Adherence to Tuberculosis Treatment* to ensure successful completion of recommended treatment. Documentation of a history of nonadherent behavior and steps taken by public health authorities in response to nonadherence is very important in order to provide sufficient evidence and establish grounds to issue court-ordered treatment and involuntary-isolation. The court reviews this "evidence" and the individual has a right to be represented by an attorney. The following may be helpful in providing this documentation.

Contractual Agreement to Treatment

This document explains the need for treatment, a description of treatment (medication regimen and required medical follow up), the importance of completing treatment, possible consequences if treatment is not completed, and the authority of public health officials to ensure adequate and complete treatment to protect public health. This document should be considered for all patients diagnosed with ATBD at the beginning of treatment as it is difficult to predict who will go on to be nonadherent.

A verbal explanation of the provisions of this document (with an interpreter present if indicated) should be given and the agreement signed by the client and health care provider. Contact the Utah Department of Health, Tuberculosis Control Program for translation assistance, if needed.

Record of Provider Contacts/Treatment

Documentation of appointment dates kept/missed, follow up efforts, phone calls made, letters sent, home/facility visits, DOT, use of incentives, and other pertinent information can be recorded using this form.

Written Affidavit for Temporary Order

Once it is determined that court-ordered treatment or involuntary-isolation is necessary, the LHD or UDOH must submit a written affidavit for a temporary order. The written affidavit must include a statement of belief that the individual (or client) is "subject to supervision," is likely to fail to submit to treatment, that this poses a public health threat, personal knowledge of the individual's condition or circumstances that lead to that belief, and the written statement by a medical doctor.

Procedure for managing persons with suspected or confirmed active TB disease who are at risk to be lost to follow up or who become lost to treatment

1. As part of the initial assessment the PHN will conduct an initial client assessment and follow-up assessments to identify the potential for a client to become lost to follow up This assessment will be conducted within 48 hours of notification.

Risk factors to be considered are:

- a. history of substance abuse
- b. recent arrest record
- c. homelessness or unwillingness or inability to provide a personal address
- d. lack of a job or visible means of support
- e. lack of family or other community ties
- f. history of leaving the medical facility against medical advice
- A person with one or more of these risk factors will be classified as a high risk for flight and should be actively case managed with early intervention whenever there is a question of non-compliance.
- 3. Identification of possible interventions include:
 - incentives and enablers for achieved outcomes (tie them to achievement of outcomes such as all scheduled DOT appointment for the week). Add incentives for achievement of targeted goals.
 - b. short term housing
 - c. long term housing
 - d. regular case management reviews with referrals for other social service as indicated
 - e. a formal written DOT agreement and contract, which specifies who to contact if DOT appointment cannot be kept on an individual day.
 - f. alternate contact information, addresses, phone numbers where client may be located.
 - g. documentation of all actions and outcomes with the possibility of legal action should outcomes fail.
 - h. ongoing patient education
- 4. Confidentiality is to be maintained during this investigation. A picture may be used if prior written consent has been obtained.

5. Initiating a search for a missing client:

Places to search	who will call/visit	Date	Phone	Outcome
Clients emergency contacts				
Clients emergency contacts				
Individuals identified in CI				
Registered letter with return				
receipt				
Fourth Street Clinic	Monte/Lorinda		364 0139	
Road Home			359 4142	
Midvale Winter Shelter	Genevieve		569 1201	
Rescue Mission			355 1302	
St. Vincent's Soup Kitchen			363 7710	
Eagle Ranch 7-11am Sunday				
Good Samaritan Program			328 5633	
VOA Detox			363 9400	
VOA Outreach				
UUMC	Louise Eutropius		585 3124	
LDS Hospital	Carrie Taylor		408 3024	
SLRMC	Chris Martin		350 8127	
VA Hospital	Susan O'conner		582 1565	
	Wright		ext 1708	
Other Area Hospitals				
ADC	Brenda Mulderig		743 5554	
SLVHD County Investigator	Kyle Cannon		534 4617	
Parole/Probation				
Officer/Community Police				
Officer HIV/STD data base	June Oliverson		538 9906	
	June Oliverson		538 9906	
Neighboring county health dept/shelters			556 9906	
Neighboring state TB	June Oliverson		538 9906	
programs				
Hangouts client is known to frequent				
Landlord/employer if any				
Medicaid office				
WIC if female or child <5				

MONTHLY TUBERCULOSIS DRUG MONITORING FOR TOXICITIES Beginning with Month Rx Started

Name		Health Dept.			Da	Date				
First Line Drugs	Please Check for Untow and/or Symptoms. If pre absent, indicate (-)									
ISONIAZID Dosage Mg	# Meds Delivered	# Pills Not Taken								
Comments	Peripheral Neuritis (tingl muscle twitching)	Peripheral Neuritis (tingling or muscle twitching)								
	Jaundice (yellow eyebal	Jaundice (yellow eyeballs or skin)								
	Brownish urine (i.e., "co	ffee", "coke")								
	Light (clay colored) stoo	ls								
	Rash	Rash								
	Loss of appetite / Nause	Loss of appetite / Nausea								
	Malaise / Fatigue									
RIFAMPIN Dosage Mg	# Meds Delivered	# Pills Not Taken								
Comments	Epigastric disturbances vomiting, diarrhea)	(i.e., nausea,								
	Fatigue									
	Dark and/or orange urin	Dark and/or orange urine								
	Rash or excessive bruis	ing								
	Jaundice (yellow eyes o	r skin)								
PYRAZINAMIDE Dosage Mg	# Meds Delivered	# Pills Not Taken								
Comments	Joint pain									
Comments		r ckin)								
	Dark urine	Jaundice (yellow eyes or skin)								
	Light (clay colored) stoo	ls.		+						
	Upset stomach									
	Rash									
	Malaise / Fatigue			+						
					1					

MONTHLY TUBE (continued)	ERCULOSIS DRUG MONITORING F	OR TO	XICITI	ES			
ETHAMBUTOL Dosage Mg							
Comments	Decrease of visual acuity (check with Snellen Chart)						
	Loss of ability to perceive colors green or red						
	Question for any renal disease / Rash						
STREPTOMYCIN Meds Delivered Dosage IM by Injection							
Comments	Hearing Loss						
	Ringing / Roaring in ears						
	Rash						

IV. OVERVIEW OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES - TREATMENT, ISOLATION, AND QUARANTINE PROCEDURES (UTAH CODE ANNOTATED, TITLE 26: HEALTH CODE, CHAPTER 6b)

Abbreviations used in overview:

UDOH = Utah Department of Health

LHD = local health department

T/Q/I = treatment, quarantine, isolation

STSI = subject to supervision individual

DC = district court

PH = public health

CD = communicable disease

EI = epidemic infection/s

TB = tuberculosis

Chapter 6b. COMMUNICABLE DISEASES – TREATMENT, ISOLATION, AND QUARENTINE PROCEDURES

<u>26-6B-1. Applicability of chapter—Administrative procedures.</u>

Chapter applies to involuntary T/Q/I applied to individuals by UDOH or LHD's. Provisions of chapter supersede Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.

26-6b-2. Definition of "subject to supervision".

"Subject to Supervision" as applied to an individual means the individual is:

- (1) infected/suspected to be infected with a CD that poses a PH threat and who does not take action as required by UDOH or LHD to prevent spread of the disease;
- (2) contaminated/suspected to be contaminated with an infectious agent posing a PH threat that could be spread if remedial action is not taken;
- in a condition/suspected condition which if treatment is not completed will soon pose a PH hazard:
- (4) contaminated/suspected contamination with a chemical/biological agent that poses a PH threat that could be spread if remedial action is not taken.

26-6b-3. Temporary Involuntary Treatment, Isolation, and Quarantine (T/Q/I).

- (1) UDOH or LHD having jurisdiction over location where the individual is found may issue an order for individual's temporary involuntary T/Q/I.
- (2) An individual, subject to supervision, who willfully fails to voluntarily submit to T/Q/I as requested by UDOH or LHD may be ordered to submit to T/Q/I upon:
 - (a) written affidavit of UDOH or LHD stating:
 - belief that the individual is likely to fail to submit T/Q/I if not immediately restrained;
 - (ii) this failure would pose a PH threat; and
 - (iii) personal knowledge of the individual's condition or circumstances that lead to that belief; and
 - (b) written statement by a licensed physician indicating the individual is subject to supervision.
- (3) Temporary order issued may:
 - (a) be issued by UDOH or LHD;

(b) order reasonable T/Q/I for not more than 5 days excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays unless a petition has been filed in district court.

(4)

- (a) Pending issuance of an examination order or an order for T/Q/I an individual under a temporary order may be required to submit to T/Q/I in his/her home, a hospital, or any other suitable facility under reasonable conditions prescribed by UDOH or LHD.
- (b) UDOH or LHD, issuing temporary order, shall take reasonable measures, including medical care, as may be necessary to assure proper care related to reason for T/Q/I.
- (5) The individual subject to supervision, shall be served a copy of the temporary order, together with the affidavit and the physician's written statement, upon being taken into custody. A copy shall be maintained at the place of T/Q/I.

<u>26-6b-4.</u> Required Notice – Representation by counsel – Conduct of proceedings.

(1)

- (a) If subject to supervision individual is in custody, the UDOH or LHD (petitioner) shall provide to the individual written notice of commencement of all proceedings and hearings as soon as practicable, and shall mail notice that a hearing may be held to legal guardian, immediate adult family members, legal counsel, or other persons the individual or DC designates.
- (c) If individual refuses to permit release of information necessary for the required notice, the DC will determine extent of notice.

(2)

- (a) Counsel may represent STSI in custody. If the individual/others do not provide for counsel, the DC shall appoint counsel in enough time to allow consultation prior to hearing. For an indigent STSI, the county of residence of the STSI shall pay for reasonable attorney fees as determined by DC.
- (b) The STSI, petitioner, and all others served notice may appear at hearings to testify, and to present and cross-examine witnesses. The DC may receive testimony of any other individual.
- (c) The DC may allow a waiver of the individual's right to appear only for good cause.
- (d) The DC may allow participation of the STSI by telephonic means if individual's condition poses a PH threat.
- (3) The DC may order the STSI to be moved to more appropriate T/Q/I facility outside of its jurisdiction.
- (4) The DC may exclude unnecessary persons from the hearing.
- (5) All hearings shall be informal and orderly.
- (6) Utah Rules of Evidence applies.

<u>26-6b-5.</u> Petition for an order of involuntary treatment, quarantine, or isolation – Court-ordered examination period.

(1)

(a) UDOH or LHD may commence proceedings for court-ordered T/Q/I of an STSI by filing a written petition with the DC of the STSI's county of residence.

- (b) The county attorney of the STSI's residence/location shall represent the LHD.
- (2) The application shall be accompanied by:
 - (a) written affidavit stating:
 - (i) belief that person is subject to supervision;
 - (ii) belief that the individual is likely to fail to submit to T/Q/I if not immediately restrained;
 - (iii) this failure is a PH threat; and
 - (iv) personal knowledge of the individual's condition/circumstances that lead to the belief; and
 - (b) written statement by a licensed physician finding the individual subject to supervision.
- (3) The DC shall issue an examination order requiring individual to submit to T/Q/I and to be examined to verify infection/condition/contamination if DC finds:
 - (a) there is reasonable basis to believe the individual's condition requires T/Q/I pending examination/hearing;
 - (b) individual has refused to submit to examination by a health professional as directed by UDOH or LHD or to voluntarily submit to T/Q/I.
- (4) If STSI is not in custody, the DC may make its determination and disuse an examination order in an ex parte hearing.
- (5) At least 24 hours prior to hearing, UDOH or LHD shall report to the court, in writing, the opinion of qualified health care providers regarding whether:
 - individual is afflicted with CD posing a PH threat, contaminated with chemical/biological agent posing a PH threat, or is in a condition posing an immediate PH hazard; or
 - (b) diagnostic studies are not complete and whether individual has agreed to comply with necessary T/Q/I; and
 - (c) whether the petitioner believes the individual will comply without court proceedings.

26-6b-6. Court determination for involuntary supervision after examination period.

- (1) The DC shall set a hearing within 10 business days of the issuance of the examination order unless the petitioner informs the DC prior to the hearing that the individual:
 - (a) is not subject to supervision'
 - (b) has stipulated to the issuance of an order for involuntary T/Q/I;
 - (c) has agreed that T/Q/I are available and acceptable without court proceedings.

(2)

- (a) If the individual is not subject to supervision or if T/Q/I are available and acceptable to the individual without court proceedings, the court may terminate the proceedings and dismiss the petition.
- (b) If the individual has stipulated to the issuance of an order for T/Q/I, the court may issue an order without further hearing.

- (a) If the examination report proves the individual is not subject to supervision, the court may terminate the proceedings without further hearing and dismiss the petition.
- (b) After a hearing at which the individual has the opportunity to be represented by counsel, the court may extend the examination order up to 90 days if the petitioner has reason to believe the individual:
 - (i) is contaminated with a chemical/biological agent that is a threat to PH;
 - (ii) is in a condition that exposure to poses a serious PH threat and diagnostic studies have not been completed.
- (4) The petitioner shall provide to the DC the following if available at the hearing:
 - (a) temporary order issued by petitioner;
 - (b) hospital/facility admission notes;
 - (c) medical records pertaining to T/Q/I.
- (5) This information shall also be provided to the individual's counsel at the time of the hearing or before, if requested.

(6)

- (a) The DC shall order T/Q/I if there is a clear and convincing evidence that:
 - individual is infected with a CD, is contaminated with chemical/biological agent posing a serious PH threat, or is in a condition that will soon pose a PH threat if treatment is not completed;
 - (ii) there is no appropriate and less restrictive alternative;
 - (iii) petitioner can provide treatment that is adequate and appropriate; and
 - (iv) it is in the public interest.
- (b) The DC shall immediately dismiss the petition if all of these conditions are not met.
- (7) The order for T/Q/I shall designate the period for T/Q/I.

(8)

- (a) The order for involuntary T/Q/I may not exceed 6 months without a DC review hearing.
- (b) The DC review hearing shall be held prior to the expiration of the court order. At the review hearing, the DC may order T/Q/I for an indeterminate period if the DC enters a written finding determining by clear and convincing evidence that the conditions will continue for an indeterminate period.

26-6b-7. Periodic Review of individuals under court order.

- (1) At least 2 weeks prior to the expiration of the court order, the petitioner shall inform the DC the order is about to expire. The petitioner shall reexamine the reasons for the court order, and will discharge the individual if court-ordered T/Q/I is no longer needed and report its action to the DC for a termination of the order. Otherwise, the DC shall schedule a hearing prior to the expiration.
- (2) The petitioner shall reexamine the reasons for court-ordered T/Q/I at 6-month intervals for individuals under T/Q/I for an indeterminate period. If T/Q/I is no longer necessary, the petitioner shall discharge the individual from involuntary T/Q/I and report its actions to the court for a termination of the order. If the petitioner determines T/Q/I is still

necessary, the petitioner shall send a written report to the DC. The petitioner shall notify in writing the individual and counsel that T/Q/I shall continue, the reasons for the decision, and the right to a review hearing. The DC shall immediately set a hearing date if the request is received.

26-6b-8. Transportation of individuals subject to temporary or court-ordered T/Q/I.

The municipal law enforcement authority shall conduct transportation of an individual to the place for T/Q/I where the individual is located. If the place for T/Q/I is outside of the authority's jurisdiction, or the individual is not located in a municipality, the county sheriff shall transport the individual to place for T/Q/I.

26-6b-9. Quarantine, isolation, and treatment costs.

If an LHD obtains approval from UDOH, the costs that the LHD would otherwise have to bear for involuntary T/Q/I shall be paid by UDOH to the extent that the individual is unable to pay and other sources and insurance do not pay.

26-6b-10. Severability.

If any provisions of this chapter are found unconstitutional, the provision is severable and the balance of chapter remains effective, notwithstanding that unconstitutionality.

٧.	/. Appendix A: Samples of Isolation Procedure Documents				

Public Health and Individual Rights

While science forms the basis of public health decision-making in theory, public values and popular opinions determine the feasibility of many public health activities in practice. The power of governmental agencies to coerce individual behavior in the name of community welfare is inherent within public health. Disease reporting requirements impinge upon privacy; mandatory testing and screening curtails autonomy; environmental and industrial regulations impact property and economic interests; and isolation and quarantine restrict liberty.

Frequently, protection of the public's health necessitates government intrusion upon individual liberties, such as privacy and bodily integrity. For example, public health agencies and officials must sometimes conduct searches and seizures of persons and property to control disease and other threats to public health. Similarly, public health agencies and officials may require access to and dissemination of personal information. In all such cases, both public and private interests are balanced to determine the appropriate scope of state action justified by public health and safety concerns

For example, quarantine of individuals exposed to tuberculosis, a highly contagious disease, may be appropriate in certain circumstances, while quarantine of individuals exposed to anthrax, a disease that cannot be transmitted from person-to person, is not. In the latter case, it would be improper for the government to restrain an individual's liberty when his freedom of movement poses no danger to society.

Of course, there are many cases in which the appropriate balance between community and individual interests is more difficult to discern. Is an individual properly subjected to quarantine for an extended period of time entitled to government compensation and job protection? What is the appropriate penalty for an individual who violates an appropriate quarantine order? May an individual be forced to undergo mandatory testing and treatment during a public health emergency? What type of procedural due process protections are individuals entitled to in the context of mass quarantine and isolation orders?

Isolation, Quarantine and Disease Surveillance

Isolation: The separation, for the period of communicability, of known infected persons in such places and under such conditions as to prevent or limit the transmission of the infectious agent. *See* STEDMAN'S MEDICAL DICTIONARY (27th ed. 2000).

Quarantine: The restriction of the activities of healthy persons who have been exposed to a communicable disease, during its period of communicability, to prevent disease transmission during the incubation period if infection should occur. See STEDMAN'S MEDICAL DICTIONARY (27th ed. 2000).

Incubation period: The period of time between a disease agent's entry into an organism and the organism's initial display of disease symptoms. During the incubation period, the disease is developing. Incubation periods are disease specific and may range from hours to weeks. See STEDMAN'S MEDICAL DICTIONARY (27th ed. 2000).

Contact Tracing: The use of epidemiological methods (i.e. statistical tools and techniques that analyze the distribution and determinants of health events in a population) to confidentially locate, counsel, and refer for medical evaluation and possible treatment

those persons who have been in contact with a communicable disease carrier in a manner that provided opportunity for disease transmission.

Outbreak: A sudden rise in the number of new cases of a disease during a specified period in a specified population.

Public Health Surveillance: There are two types of surveillance. In passive surveillance, health departments gather information about disease occurrence within a population primarily through disease reporting by hospitals, physicians, and other community sources. In active surveillance, health departments take measures to identify all cases of disease, primarily by contacting and soliciting information from physicians, hospitals, clinics, laboratories and other sources. Active surveillance is most commonly used to identify cases of infectious disease.

Isolation and quarantine are historically recognized public health techniques used to contain the spread of infectious diseases. *See, e.g.*, Compagnie Francaise de Navigation à Vapeur v. State Board of Health, 186 U.S. 380 (1902) (recognizing power of states to institute quarantine to protect their citizens from infectious diseases). Isolation and quarantine require the separation of infected and potentially infected persons, respectively, from the public. This separation is achieved by confinement of the infected and/or potentially infected person(s) to treatment facilities, residences, and/or other locations, depending upon the nature of the implicated disease and the available facilities.

Thus, both isolation and quarantine measures may severely curtail the freedom of persons to whom they are applied, particularly in the case of diseases characterized by prolonged incubation periods. In many cases, individuals will voluntarily undertake isolation and quarantine procedures at the request of the state or local health department, and more intrusive measures, such as Court orders may not be required. However, in those situations in which individuals are unwilling to undertake isolation or quarantine procedures or become noncompliant with procedures already in place, the Court's assistance may be required.

Utah law requires licensed physicians, hospital administrators, and laboratories to report confirmed and suspected cases of certain communicable diseases to local health departments. The time period in which reporting is required varies by disease and ranges from immediate reporting for the most dangerous, highly contagious diseases (*e.g.* smallpox) to up to seventy-two (72) hours for reporting of diseases that pose less of an immediate community threat (*e.g.* syphilis).

Upon diagnosis of a patient infected with a communicable disease, a disease investigation begins. A trained disease investigator, who is usually an employee of the local health department, interviews the patient, the patient's family members, physicians, nurses and anyone else who may have knowledge of the patient's recent contacts and activities. The goal of this investigation is to identify persons who may have been exposed to the disease, as well as persons, animals, or places that may have been the source of the disease. Identified contacts are then screened for the disease and treated as necessary. The investigative process is ideally repeated until the source of the disease (referred to as the "index case" if a person) is identified and all known contacts have been screened.

The type of contacts screened depends upon the nature of the disease in question. Investigation of a sexually transmitted disease (e.g. HIV/AIDS) only requires screening of the sexual partners of infected individuals. In contrast, a disease that is spread by

respiratory droplets, such as tuberculosis, may require extensive screening of all casual contacts and persons in proximity to infected individuals.

Judicial Review of Public Health Orders of Restriction

Orders of restriction (OR) is the Utah term for isolation, quarantine or mandatory medical testing orders. Judicial review of these orders is governed by Title 26, Chapter 6b, Communicable Diseases – Treatment, Isolation, and Quarantine Procedures.

An OR may be verbal or in writing and is an order issued by the Utah Department of Health, a local health department, or the district court directing an individual or group to submit to examination, treatment, isolation or quarantine for (1) infection or suspected infection with a communicable disease, (2) contamination of suspected contamination with an infectious, chemical or biological agent, or (3) a condition or suspected condition that poses a threat to public health. §26-6b-2(3) & (5) and -3.

The court reviews and approves an OR already entered by public health authorities. The cases may be a collection of individual actions or they may be consolidated as a single class action.

The individual or group subject to the OR and may be represented by retained or appointed counsel. The respondent may already be in custody or the petitioner may be asking that the respondent be taken into custody. If the respondent is in custody and decides not to consent to the OR, the state or local health department files the petition to review, §26-6b-3.1(1); §26-6b-3.2(1); §26-6b-4(2).

The OR must be based on "the totality of the circumstances reported to and known by" the DOH. §26-6b-3(2). Totality of the circumstance includes observation, credible information, and "knowledge of current public health risks based on medically accepted guidelines. §26-6b-3(2).

The OR must (1) be for the shortest reasonable time to protect the public health, (2) use the least intrusive method of restriction, and (3) contain notice of the individual's rights. The first two of these conditions are met if they are satisfied "in the opinion of the public health official" who issues the order. §26-6b-3(2).

A verbal OR may be issued "if the delay in imposing a written order of restriction would significantly jeopardize the department's ability to prevent or limit" transmission of the disease or of the infectious, chemical or biological agent. A verbal OR is valid for 24 hours. §26-6b-3(2).

A person can consent to an OR. If a person consents to the OR, the court does not review it. The consent must be in writing. §26-6b-3.1(1).

Exp	neck if) This written order follows a verbal order issued onplain basis for determining verbal order was necessary to avoid signardy to the Department's ability to control the event.	(date)
You have	the following rights:	
(a) the right	the to be represented by legal counsel in any judicial review of the on in accordance with Subsection 26-6b-4 (3);	order of
(b) the rig	tht to be provided with prior notice of the date, time, and location of	of any
(c) the right precaution communic (d) the right	incerning the order of restriction; into participate in any hearing, in a manner established by the course necessary to prevent additional exposure to communicable or postable diseases or to protect the public health; to respond and present evidence and arguments on your behalf in	ssibly
hearing;	nt to cross examine witnesses; and	
(f) the right issued the	nt to review and copy all records in the possession of the department order of restriction which relate to the subject of the written order	
restriction. (g) the righ	ht to have this order reexamined at least every six (6) months.	
	o Order of Restriction tment must either file an action in District Court to validate this or ent.	der or obtain
judge decident the district (5) busines	If this document and am aware that I have the right to have a District de if this order is valid and that this order of restriction will not be a court unless the I subsequently notify the Department in writing a sest days in advance of my decision to withdraw my consent. I also will remain in effect until the Judge makes a decision.	reviewed by at least five
1.70	onsent to this order as per its stated terms, duration and conditions. If the importance of complying with the order of restriction to prote ealth.	
Date		

Signature ____

ORDER OF RESTRICTION

(This order is intended for use with an individual subject to restriction – seek legal counsel for a group order or when restricting a location)

YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO HAVE A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DECIDE IF THIS ORDER IS NECESSARY (see below for more detail)

Identity of Individual Subject to Restriction – Date and Time Restriction Begins Name Date of Birth Address Restriction takes effect (date) (time) ____(date) _____(time) and is expected to continue until (In the opinion of the Public Health Officer, the order must be for the shortest reasonable period of time and use the least intrusive methods) The above named individual is hereby ordered to take the following actions: return to their residence report to this location immediately location conditions on restriction such as limits on visitors or medical monitoring Suspected disease, agent or condition justifying order, as well as detail on credible and reliable medical or scientific information that justifies this order Requirements to be completed before order will terminate – laboratory reports expiration of incubation period completion of treatment (explain) other – (explain)

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
MEGAN L. SMITH (10135)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re:)	EX PARTE MOTION TO SEAL
	(Patient's Name))	THE COURT FILE, ALLOW PARTIES
	We do and Scheme Account from Jerschill. Physical Exists 4 Mod)	ACCESS TO MEDICAL INFORMATION,
	DOB:)	AND RESTRICT ITS DISCLOSURE AND
)	INTEGRATED MEMORANDUM
		j	IN SUPPORT
)	
		Ś	Civil No.
)	Judge:
)	
		37.2	

MOTION

The Salt Lake Valley Health Department ("Health Department"), in consideration of the provisions of the Communicable Diseases—Treatment, Isolation, and Quarantine Procedures Act, ("Communicable Disease Act"), Utah Code Ann. §§26-6b-1 et seq.; the Communicable Disease Control Act, Utah Code Ann. §§26-6-1 et seq.; the Government Records Access Management Act ("GRAMA"), Utah Code Ann. §§ 63-2-101 et seq.; Judicial Administration Rule 4-

This motion is filed ex parte because the Health Department requests that access to the Medical Information in this case be restricted from the date the case is filed. The Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-3.4(3), provides that "medical records held by a court related to orders of restriction under this chapter shall be sealed by the district court."

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The Communicable Disease Act sets out the procedures for the Health Department and this Court concerning Orders of Restriction. An Order of Restriction provides for the examination, treatment, isolation, and/or quarantine of an individual with a communicable disease for a limited time period. The Communicable Disease Act's provisions require the Health Department to submit to the Court an affidavit from the Health Department and a doctor's statement, both containing Medical Information, and a petition and proposed order that reference

such information. Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6b-5(1) & (2). Medical Information is designated as private under Court rules, confidential under the Communicable Disease Control Act, private or controlled under GRAMA, and/or Protected Health Information under HIPAA. Rules of Judicial Administration, 4-202-02(4)(J), Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6-27(1); 63-2-302(1)(b) & -303; 45 CFR 160.103. In order to protect this information from disclosure during this proceeding, the Health Department requests that the record in this case be sealed as provided in the Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-3.4(3).

In addition, the Health Department must obtain Medical Information from various third parties, provide them to the patient and/or his attorney, have the records reviewed by medical witnesses, and submit many of them to the Court, all within a short time frame. The Health Department therefore also requests that the court provide for access to such Medical Information and restrict its distribution in the initial order.

The Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. §§26-6b-1 <u>et seq.</u>, sets out the <u>procedures</u> governing Orders of Restriction. The Communicable Disease Control Act, Utah Code Ann. §§26-6-1 <u>et seq.</u>, deals with the reporting of communicable diseases, <u>handling communicable disease information</u>, and the general authority of the Utah Department of Health and local health departments to control communicable diseases.

- II. THE MEDICAL INFORMATION INVOLVED IN THIS CASE IS NOT SUBJECT TO PUBLIC ACCESS BUT IS SUBJECT TO ACCESS BY THE PARTIES.
 - A In Cases Involving Orders of Restriction, the Health Department Is Required To Submit Medical Information to the Court.
- 1. The Communicable Disease Act's provisions concerning the Court's review of the Health Department's temporary Order of Restriction and issuance of its own examination order provide for the Health Department to submit to the Court the following records containing Medical Information:
 - (a) A written affidavit from the Health Department that the person is subject to restriction because he has or may have a medical condition, refuses to submit to treatment, and poses a threat to the public health. Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6b-5(2)(a), 26-6b-2(5).
 - (b) A written statement by a licensed physician indicating that the person may have a communicable disease or condition or is contaminated with a chemical or biological agent that constitutes a serious public health hazard. Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-5(2)(b) & § 26-6b-2(5).
 - (c) A petition requesting judicial review. Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-5(1)(a).
- 2. Prior to the Court's issuance of its own Order of Restriction, the Health

 Department is required to provide the court with the following additional Medical Information:
 - (a) A qualified health care provider's opinion concerning whether the communicable disease or condition or chemical or biological agent is a threat to the public health and any need for diagnostic studies. Utah Code § 26-6b-5(5)(a).

- (b) Copies of Health Department's Order of Restriction, admission notes from a hospital if the individual has been admitted, and medical records pertaining to the Order of Restriction. Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-6(4).
- 3. If further hearings are ordered or required, the Health Department is required to provide the Court with a written report concerning the conditions justifying extending the Order of Restriction. Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-7(2).
- 4. The petition and other pleadings in cases concerning Orders of Restriction frequently refer to Medical Information about the individual involved.
 - B. Access to the Medical Information Necessary for this Case Is Restricted by the Communicable Disease Control Act, GRAMA, HIPAA, and/or the Court's Own Rules.

The Health Department's Medical Information concerning the individual subject to the Order of Restriction is governed by the Communicable Disease Control Act, and, in some cases GRAMA and the HIPAA Privacy Rule. [In addition, the Health Department's information is that Medical Information from the University of Utah Medical Center,

Quarantine Unit,² where _____ [patient's name] is being treated is governed by

² To the extent that such records are not governed by HIPAA and the Privacy Rule, such records are not private or controlled pursuant to GRAMA as they may be used in this case:

Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics, doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section 63-2-302(3) when the records are sought:

⁽i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense.

[other records provider] is also likely governed by HIPAA and the Privacy Rule.]

[provision may or may not be necessary]

C. <u>Utah Statutes and the HIPAA Privacy Rule Provide for the Health Department and the Individual to Access Relevant Medical Information.</u>

The Communicable Disease Act requires health care providers and facilities to provide relevant medical records at no cost or low cost to the individual subject to the Order of Restriction and the Health Department's executive director.³ Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-3.4. The Communicable Disease Control Act also requires that communicable disease records be provided to the Health Department and allows the Health Department to disclose such records to the courts to carry out the purposes of controlling communicable disease and to other persons in order to treat the patient or to interrupt the spread of disease. Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6-6, 26-6-27(2). The HIPAA Privacy Rule allows covered entities to disclose Protected Health Information for treatment and payment, to public health authorities authorized by law to collect such information to prevent or control the spread of disease, to avert a serious threat to health or safety, in response to a court order, or as otherwise required by law . 45 CFR §§164.506, 164.512(a), (b), (e), & (j). Medical records subject to GRAMA may be released to medical providers if the release is

GRAMA, § 63-2-302(3).

The records may also be provided to the Executive Director's authorized representative. Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-2(4)(b).

consistent with normal professional practice and medical ethics or pursuant to a court order.⁴ Utah Code Ann. §§ 63-2-202(1)(d)(iii); 63-2-202(7).

III. THE COURT SHOULD SEAL THE COURT FILE, PROVIDE FOR THE PARTIES' ACCESS TO MEDICAL INFORMATION, AND RESTRICT THE DISSEMINATION OF THE MEDICAL INFORMATION.

A. Sealing the Record.

The Communicable Disease Rule requires that Medical Information be sealed. Utah Code Ann. 26-6b-3.4(3). Nearly all pleadings in this case will contain Medical Information.

Sealed records are available only by order of the court. Judicial Administration Rule 4
202.03(2). However, because the Communicable Disease Act provides that law enforcement shall assist in enforcing the Order of Restriction and may be ordered to help locate the patient, the Health Department may provide copies of certain orders to law enforcement. Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6b-3.2(2)(b), -4(8), & -8. In addition, the Health Department must take reasonable

GRAMA requires the Court to consider a number of factors: (a) the record deals with a matter in controversy over which the court has jurisdiction; (b) the merits of the request for access to the record; (c) the court has limited the requester's use and further disclosure of the record, where appropriate, in order to protect the privacy interests in the case and the public interest; (d) the interests favoring access to private or controlled records, considering the limitations placed on disclosure, outweigh the interests favoring restriction of access; and (e) where access is restricted pursuant to another rule or statute, the court has authority under that provision.

Even if the record were not sealed, Medical Records in court files would be classified as private. Private court records are available to the subject of the record, attorneys for parties, the person who submitted the record, and a limited group of others. Judicial Administration Rule 4-202.02(4)(J) & -202.03(3).

measures to provide medical care, and certain orders may need to be provided to treatment providers. Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-3(4).

B. Parties' Access to Medical Information.

The Health Department and the individual subject to the Order of Restriction and/or his attorney need access to Medical Information to submit it to the Court. In some cases, the Health Department and the individual need to provide the Medical Information to treating physicians, testifying physicians, and other medical personnel involved in the case.

The Communicable Disease Act also provides that the hearing in this case take place within ten business days of the court's initial examination order. Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-6(1). The Communicable Disease Act provides that Medical Information relevant to the Order of Restriction are to be provided as soon as reasonably possible upon request to the public health official and the individual subject to an Order of Restriction free of charge or at minimal cost. Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-3.4(1). The Health Department therefore requests that the initial order provide for the parties' access to Medical Information, whether it is governed by the Communicable Disease Control Act, GRAMA, or the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

C. <u>Restrictions on Dissemination of Pleadings, Orders, and Medical Information in</u>
This Case.

The Health Department requests that the initial order sealing the file also provide that pleadings, orders, and Medical Information may be disseminated by the parties and their counsel only as follows:

- 1. Signed orders may be provided to health care providers involved in Mr./Ms. _______''s examination, treatment, isolation and quarantine to so that the Health Department may take reasonable measures to provide medical care;
- 2. Signed orders or Medical Information may be provided to law enforcement for the purposes set out in the Communicable Disease Act;
- 3. Signed orders, pleadings, and Medical Information in this case may be provided to counsel to the parties, the parties, treating physicians, testifying physicians, and other medical personnel involved in this case for the purposes of submitting Medical Information to the court and providing affidavits, testimony, and examination, treatment, isolation or quarantine;
- 4. Medical Information provided to the parties may only be used by the parties for the purposes of this case or proceeding for which the information was provided to the parties; and
- 5. The parties must return to the party providing it or destroy the Medical Information (including all copies made) at the end of the litigation or proceeding or the completion of the examination, treatment, isolation or quarantine, whichever comes last.

A copy of a proposed order is attached.

Dated this day of	, 200
	DAVID E. YOCOM Salt Lake County District Attorney
	Ву:
	Deputy District Attorney Attorney for Petitioner

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
MEGAN L. SMITH (10135)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re:	ORDER SEALING COURT FILE, ALLOWING PARTIES ACCESS TO MEDICAL INFORMATION, AND RESTRICTING PARTIES' USE OF MEDICAL INFORMATION Civil No. Judge:
On, 200, t	the Salt Lake Valley Health Department ("Health
Department"), moved ex parte to seal the re	ecord in this case pursuant to the Communicable
Diseases-Treatment, Isolation, and Quaranti	ine Procedures Act, Utah Code Ann. §§26-6b-1 et
seq. ("Communicable Disease Act"); the Co	ommunicable Disease Control Act, Utah Code Ann.
§§26-6-1 et seq.; the Government Records A	Access Management Act, Utah Code Ann. §§63-2-
101 et seq. ("GRAMA"); and Judicial Adm	inistration Rule 4-202.02(4)(J). Most pleadings and

records submitted contain medical information and/or Protected Health Information as defined in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") and the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information at 45 CFR parts 160 and 164, subparts A and E ("HIPAA Privacy Rule") ("Medical Information"). The basis of the motion is that the Health Department is required under state statutes to submit Medical Information to the Court, the pleadings in this case refer or will refer to Medical Information, the Medical Information needs to be collected quickly, and use of the Medical Information should be restricted.

Based on the Health Department's motion, the medical nature of the records and pleadings in this case, the need to collect the information quickly and restrict its use, and good cause and consistent with the requirements of the Communicable Disease Act, the Communicable Disease Control Act, GRAMA, the Rules of Judicial Administration, and the HIPAA Privacy Rule, it is hereby ORDERED as follows:

A. Sealing the Court File:

- 1. The file in the above case is sealed pursuant to the Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. §§26-6b-4.3(3), and Judicial Administration Rule 4-202.03 and access to the court file is restricted as set out below.
- 2. Pleadings in this case shall be submitted in envelopes indicating that the file in this case has been "Sealed Pursuant to Court Order" and referencing the case number. Pleadings

may be submitted by mail but the envelope marked "Sealed Pursuant to Court Order" must be enclosed in an outside envelope addressed to the Court.

B. Parties' Access to Medical Information:

- 1. Medical Information shall be provided to the Health Department's executive director or his authorized representative and the individual subject to the Order of Restriction, or his counsel, pursuant to the Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-3.4(1), (2).
- 2. Pursuant to Communicable Disease Act, Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-3.4(1), (2), Medical Information shall either be provided free of charge by health care facilities that are governmental entities, or for health care providers or facilities that are not governmental entities, free of charge or for a fee that does not exceed the presumed reasonable charges established for workers' compensation by administrative rule adopted by the Labor Commission.
- The Communicable Disease Act provides that the "production of records under the provisions of this section is for the benefit of the public health and safety of the citizens of the state." Utah Code Ann. §26-6b-34.(2)(a). To the extent that Medical Information may be governed by GRAMA, the Court finds that (a) the records deal with a matter in controversy over which the court has jurisdiction; (b) the court has considered the merits of the request for access to the records; (c) the court has considered and, where appropriate, limited the requester's use and further disclosure of the records in order to protect the privacy interests in the case and the public interest; (d) the interests favoring access to private or controlled records, considering the

limitations placed on disclosure, outweigh the interests favoring restriction of access; and (e) where access is restricted pursuant to another rule such as the Communicable Disease Control Act or the HIPAA Privacy Rule, the Court has independent authority under the Communicable Disease Act, Communicable Disease Control Act, HIPAA Privacy Rule, and/or GRAMA to provide for access to the Medical Information.

4. The HIPAA Privacy Rule allows the release of Medical Information relevant to the Order of Restriction for treatment and payment; to the Health Department, which is authorized by law to collect such information to prevent or control the spread of disease; as required by law; and in response to a court order. [include to avert a serious threat to health or safety if applicable] 45 CFR §§ 164.506, 164.512(a), (b), (e) & [(j)].

C. Restrictions on Use and Release of Medical Information:

- 1. Signed orders and pleadings in this case and Medical Information relevant to the Order of Restriction may be provided to health care providers involved in 's examination, treatment, isolation, or quarantine.
- Signed orders and other Medical Information relevant to enforcing the Order of Restriction or [locating the patient if applicable] may be provided to law enforcement consistent with the purposes of the Communicable Disease Act.
- Signed orders and pleadings in this case and Medical Information relevant to the
 Order of Restriction may be provided to counsel to the parties, the parties, treating physicians,

testifying physicians, and other medical personnel involved in this case for the purposes of submitting Medical Information to the Court and providing affidavits and testimony, and for examination, treatment, isolation or quarantine.

- 4. Medical Information provided to the parties may only be used by the parties for the purposes of this case or proceeding for which such information was provided to the parties.
- 5. The parties shall return Medical Information to the provider or destroy it (including all copies made) at the end of the litigation or proceeding or the completion of examination, treatment, isolation or quarantine, whichever comes last.

D.	Requests to Char	nge This Order:		
	To the extent that	nt Mr./Ms	[patient] desires to unseal the rec	ord or
chang	e the access or rele	ease provisions	f this order, he/she may file a motion request	ing tha
relief.				
	DATED this	day of	, 200	
			BY THE COURT:	

Judge
Third District Court Judge

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
MEGAN L. SMITH (10135)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re: [patient's name] DOB:)) PETITION FOR ISSUANCE OF ORDER) FOR EXAMINATION AND INVOLUNTARY) TREATMENT, QUARANTINE AND) ISOLATION AND REQUEST FOR HEARING)) Civil No.:) Judge:					
Department"), by and through cou	Salt Lake County, on behalf of its Salt Lake Valley Health Department ("Health Department"), by and through counsel, petitions the Court as follows: JURISDICTION AND VENUE					
1.	, date of birth,					
("Patient") is a person who resides or is located in Salt Lake County, State of Utah, and is						
[over/under] the age of 18 years. Affidavit of, *.*. [M.D., R.N. or other						

title], ¶¶ *-**, dated	, 200_, ("Health Department Aff."), attached to this
petition as Attachment 1.	

- 2. The District Court has jurisdiction in this matter pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 78-3-4(1).
- 3. Venue is proper under Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-5(1)(a) because, based on the Health Department's information and belief, Patient resides and/or is located in Salt Lake County. Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1.
- 4. The District Court is authorized by Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6b-5 and -6 to consider petitions by local health departments and to determine whether to order involuntary examination, treatment, quarantine, and isolation of individuals who are infected or suspected of being infected with a communicable disease.

ALLEGATIONS

5. The Health Department, under the authority of Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6-4 [other applicable provisions from act or regulation based on diseases] and 26A-1-114(1)(b) is charged with the enforcement of the provisions of Utah Code Ann. § 26-6-1 et seq., ("Communicable Disease Control Act") with respect to _____ [communicable disease]. Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-1 et seq., ("Communicable Disease Act") provides for the examination, treatment, isolation, and quarantine of persons with communicable diseases. The Health Department is a "local health department" referenced by these sections.

	6.	The Pa	atient is Subject to Restriction under Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-2(5) based on				
the fol	e following [choose one or more]:						
		A.	The Patient is infected or suspected to be infected with a communicable				
			disease that poses a threat to the public health. [The Patient has been				
			tested by a competent medical authority and found to have				
			[if applicable] or information on exposure				
	to communicable disease]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attach						
	1; and Affidavit of, M.D., ¶¶ *-**, dated						
			, 200_, ("Physician Aff."), attached to this petition as				
			Attachment 2.				
		AND/	OR				
		В.	The Patient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with an				
			infectious agent that poses a threat to the public health, and that could be				
			spread to others if remedial action is not taken. [Short Statement of				
			Basis]. Health Department Aff, ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1; and Affidavit of				
			, M.D., ¶¶ *-**, dated, 200_,				
			("Physician Aff.") attached to this petition as Attachment 2.				
		AND/O	OR				

C.	The Patient is in a condition or suspected condition which, if the Patient is
	exposed to others, poses a threat to the public health, or is in a condition
	which if treatment is not completed the Patient will pose a threat to the
	public health. [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-
	, Attachment 1; and Affidavit of, M.D., ¶¶ *-,
	dated, 200_, ("Physician Aff.") attached to this
	petition as Attachment 2.
AND/0	OR

- The Patient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with a D. chemical or biological agent that poses a threat to the public health and that could be spread to others if remedial action is not taken. [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1; and Affidavit of ______, M.D., ¶¶ *-**, dated _____, 200_, ("Physician Aff.") attached to this petition as Attachment 2.
- The Patient is likely to fail to submit to examination, treatment, quarantine or 7. isolation if not immediately restrained based on the following:

Department to prevent the spread of the disease as follows [this section must go with section 5A above]: [describe action required by Health Department and not taken; of to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment		
[describe action required by Health Department and not taken; of to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		In the past, the Patient has not taken action as required by the Health
[describe action required by Health Department and not taken; of to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		Department to prevent the spread of the disease as follows [this section
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		must go with section 5A above]:
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with	7	
to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		
to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with	100	[describe action required by Health Department and not taken; o
Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with	***************************************	to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; fail
The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patient has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short
has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with		Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment
		The following remedial action is required for the Patient and the Patie
sections 5B and 5D above]:		has refused to take the remedial action [this section must go with
	1	sections 5B and 5D above]:

|describe remedial action required and Patient's refusal to complete action; failure to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1; [Physician Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 2 if necessary] C. Completion of the Patient's treatment requires the following and the Patient has failed to complete the treatment as follows: [this section must go with section 5C above] [describe failure to take treatment or actions that make treatment impossible; offer to meet at location of Patient's choice; missing appointments; failure to contact Health Department; use of Patient Agreement] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶ *-**, Attachment 1; [Physician Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 2 if necessary]

Other factors make it unlikely that Patient will submit to examination,
treatment, quarantine or isolation if not immediately restrained:
<u></u>

[will Patient leave town or disappear; comments to that effect; failure to complete treatment in the past/leaving or discontinuing treatment against medical advice in the past; missing appointments; ability to leave quickly (no job, few belongings,); chemical dependency; violence or threats; refusal to consent; withdrawal of consent; failure or refusal to take advantage of housing or food coupon offers; offers of free housing or fill out applications; failure or refusal to take advantage of free medication and phone call money; failure to contact Health Department; offer to meet at location of Patient's choice; anything else in Patient agreement; and so on] [Short Statement of Basis]. Health Department Aff., ¶ *-**, Attachment 1.

The	Patient's likely failure to submit to examination, treatment, quarantine, and/or
isol	ation would pose a threat to the public health because
	
[sho	ort description of effect of failure to allow examination, treatment,
qua	rantine, and/or isolation] Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1;
[Ph	ysician Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 2 if necessary]
In th	ne past, the Patient has refused to
A.	submit to examination by a health professional as directed by the
	Health Department; and/or
В.	voluntarily submit to examination, treatment, quarantine, or isolation.
	[Must choose A or B; choose each applicable in B if B is chosen].
	Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**.
The	Health Department's Affidavit is based on the following:
Α.	The Patient's condition based on the Health Department Affiant[s]'s
	review of the Patient's medical records and the Health Department
	Affiant[s]'s personal experience with the patient on the following dates:
	. Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-

^{**,} Attachment 1; and/or

B.	Health Department Affiant[s]'s conversations with the following persons				
	who have talked with or seen the Patient on the following dates:				
	Health Department Aff., ¶¶*-**, Attachment 1; and/or				
C.	Other Circumstances known to Health Department Affiant[s]'s that form a				
	basis for Health Department's affidavit:				
	Health Department Aff., ¶¶ *-**, Attachment 1.				
11. Utah	Code Ann. § 26-6b-3 authorizes the Health Department to issue a temporary				
Order of Restriction	based on the totality of the circumstances reported to and known by the				
Health Department,	including the Health Department's observation, reliable and credible				
information known t	to it, and knowledge of the current public health risks based on medially				
accepted guidelines.	On, 200_, the Health Department issued an Order of				
Restriction. A copy	attached as Exhibit A. Pursuant to this order, the Patient was examined,				
treated, quarantine	ed, and/or isolated [as applicable] at the following location:				

- 12. Utah Code Ann. §§ 26-6-1 et seq. 26-6b-1 et seq., 26A-1-114(1)(b), and 26A-1-114(2)(b) & (c) express the Legislature's intent that communicable diseases, infectious agents, and contamination be treated and that the Health Department take action to prevent the spread of communicable diseases, infectious agents, and contamination. [include reference to 26A-1-114(p) if a public health emergency or other emergency has been declared].
- 13. The Health Department believes that the Patient must be subject to involuntary examination, treatment, quarantine and/or isolation [choose applicable] in the interest of public health. Health Department Aff., ¶ *, Attachment 1.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

NOW THEREFORE, Petition	ner requests that the Court:
1. Issue an examination	order, pursuant to the authority of Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-
5(3), authorizing the Patient's involu	ntary examination, treatment, isolation, and/or
quarantine [select applicable] at the	e following location:
2. Set a date for a hearing	g, as required by Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-6(1), to determine
whether the Patient should continue t	to be subject to involuntary examination, treatment,
quarantine, and/or isolation. [selec	t applicable].
DATED this day of	, 200
	DAVID E. YOCOM
	Salt Lake County District Attorney
	Ву
	Deputy District Attorney
	Attorney for Petitioner

Attachments:

- 1. Affidavit of ***************************, R.N./M.D. [select] on behalf of the Salt Lake Valley Health Department.
- 2. Affidavit of ***********, M.D.
- 3. Salt Lake Valley Health Department Order of Restriction

NOTE: Recommend Written, or if not possible, Oral, Notice to Attorney, if represented, or Patient, if not represented, about date and time (may be approximate) when going to court. Request telephone number of attorney or patient to contact during meeting with judge.

NOTE: do separate pleading to deal with 26-6b-5(5), which must be submitted to the court at least 24 hours in advance of any hearing.

NOTICE REGARDING LEGAL COUNSEL

TO:	Patient:	;	
	If you desire free legal counsel in t	this matter, you may contact	at
the _		, telephone number	
3	You may also sele	ect other legal counsel at your own cost.	
Servi	ce Information:	*	
	Patient		
	Location		

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
MEGAN L. SMITH (10135)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re:[Patient's Nar	me]) AFFIDAVIT OF, M.D.
DOB:) Civil No.) Judge:
STATE OF UTAH) :ss	
County of Salt Lake)	
		[doctor's name] being first duly sworn, deposes and states
as follows:		

- I am a resident of Salt Lake County, I am over the age of twenty-one years, and I
 am otherwise legally competent to make this Affidavit.
 - 2. I am currently a duly licensed physician in the State of Utah.

3.	My sta	itement	s concerning		[Patient's Name	e]	
("Patient") are	e made l	based or	n my personal knowle	dge based on my review	of Patient's me	dical	
records, inclu	ding				[list records]	,	
information f	from _		[person or persons, if a	pplicable] on		
		, 20	0_ [date], and		[any	
personal exa	ninatio	n or co	ntact with patient, if	applicable] on	, 2	00_	
[date].							
4.	The re	cords [2	and information, if a	oplicable] referenced in	ı paragraph 3 ab	ove	
are of a type r	type reasonably relied upon by physicians in my particular field in forming opinions or						
inferences I ex	nferences I express in this affidavit.						
5,	The re	cords, [information, and per	sonal examination or o	contact with the	3	
Patient, if app	plicable	e] indica	ate that Patient is subje	ect to restriction for the	following reasor	ıs	
[choose one o	r more]:					
	A.	The Pa	tient is infected or sus	spected to be infected w	ith a communica	ıble	
		disease	e of	_ ("Communicable Dise	ase") that poses	а	
		threat t	o the public health an	d has not taken action as	s required by the	;	
		Health Department to prevent the spread of the disease.					
		(1)	The Patient has been	tested by a competent m	nedical authority	and	
	found to have the Communicable Disease or the Patient is						

	[basis].	,				
	[Test results should be provided here.]					
(2)	The Communicable Disease is a threat to the public health because	9				
		_				
		_				
(3)	My information from					
	Lake Valley Health Department is that the Patient has not taken the	1				
	actions required by the Health Department to prevent the spread of					
	the communicable disease. Patient has failed to					
		77				
	<u> </u>	_				
	as required by the Health Department.					
AND/OR						
B. The P	atient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with the					
infecti	ous agent ["Infectious Agent"] that					
poses	a threat to the public health, and that could be spread to others if					
remed	remedial action is not taken.					

The Patient	t has been tested by a competent medical authority and
found to be	e contaminated with the Infectious Agent or the Patient
is suspected	d to be contaminated with the Infectious Agent because
[basis]. [T	Test results should be provided here.]
The Infecti	ous Agent is a threat to the public health because
	[why is it a problem; what could happen]
	iousl Agent could be spread to others if remedial action
is not taker	n as follows. The remedial action that must be taken is:
If the reme	edial action is not taken, the Infectious Agent could be
	edial action is not taken, the Infectious Agent could be others as follows:

AND/OR

C.	The P	atient is in a condition or suspected condition which, if the Patient is
	expos	ed to others, poses a threat to the public health, or is in a condition
	which	if treatment is not completed the Patient will pose a threat to the
	public	c health. [Short Statement of Basis].
	(1)	The Patient is in a condition ofand/or
		has the disease of
		("[Shortened term for
		condition/disease]") or is suspected to be in a condition of
		or suspected to have
	(2)	If the Patient is exposed to others, this condition/disease poses a
		threat to the public health because
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		. [communicable nature,
		other problems with exposing to others]
		AND/OR
	(3)	The Patient has the condition or disease of,
	8.70	Completion of the Patient's treatment requires
		emergens 🛦 emily an instruction consists and anti-California and Park, 200 basis, or alternative to the California and Califo

	(4)	If the required treatment is not completed, the Patient will pose a threat to public health because					
		threat to public health because					
	AND/	OR					
D.	The Pa	atient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with the					
	chemi	cal or biological agent of					
	("Chemical/Biological Agent") that poses a threat to the public health an						
	that could be spread to others if remedial action is not taken.						
	(1)	The Patient has been tested by and found to be contaminated with					
		the Chemical/Biological Agent or the Patient is suspected to be					
		contaminated with the Chemical/Biological Agent because					
		<u> </u>					
		[basis]. [Test results should be provided here.]					
	(2)	The Chemical/Biological Agent is a threat to the public health					
		because					

	[why is it a problem; what could happen]
(3)	The Chemical/Biological Agent could be spread to others if
	remedial action is not taken as follows. The remedial action that
	must be taken is:
	. If the remedial action is not taken, the Chemical/Biological
	Agent could be spread to others as follows:
6. In my profess:	ional opinion, the Patient should be examined, quarantined,
treated, and/or isolated [as	applicable] until
	[when can examination, quarantine,
treatment or isolation cease	e?/ until such time as it is medically advisable to cease such
examination, quarantine, t	reatment and/or isolation].
13. I request that	the court authorize compulsory examination, quarantine, treatment,
and/or isolation until such tin	me, and no longer than such time, as qualified medical opinion

determines that the Patient may safety return	to freedor	n from examination	n, quarantine, treatment
and/or isolation [as applicable] in the intere	st of public	c health.	
Dated at Salt Lake County, Utah, this	S	_day of	, 200
			, M.D.
Subscribed and sworn to before me of	on this	day of	, 200
		PUBLIC in Salt Lake Count	y, Utah
My Commission Expires:			

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
MEGAN L. SMITH (10135)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re: [Patient's Nam	ne]) AFFIDAVIT OF, [M.D./R.N., etc) on behalf of Salt Lake Valley Health
DOB:) Department
) Civil No.
) Judge:
STATE OF UTAH) :ss		
County of Salt Lake)	
		[Health Department affiant's name] being first duly

I am a resident of Salt Lake County, I am over the age of twenty-one years, and I
 am otherwise legally competent to make this Affidavit.

2.	I am currently a _	[physician/registered nurse/ or other]
employed as	a	[Public Health Nurse/Physician/Other]
with the Salt	Valley Health Depa	rtment ("Health Department"). I have been a
		[registered nurse/physician/other] for years. I provide
this affidavit	on behalf of the He	alth Department.
3.	I have been emplo	yed by the Health Department's Communicable Disease Bureau
[or other but	reau] for the past _	years. During this time I have worked with patients with
communicabl	e diseases [and oth	er (public health nurses or
other) who to	reat communicable	e diseases and [doctors from the University of Utah Medical
Center/or oth	ners as applicable]	in planning and evaluating the care and treatment of clients
with commun	icable diseases. Ih	ave worked with approximately clients with
communicabl	e diseases per year.	
4.	I have reviewed P	atient's medical records and lab reports in the possession of the
Health Depart	tment. These include	de the following records:
		,
3 1 		
Hist re	elevant medical re	cords if applicable, results, and dates of records]

5.		[If app	plicable] I have reviewed Patient's Health Department Treatment
Agreeme	ent, sig	gned by	Patient on, 200_ [if applicable], attached as
Attachme	ent A.		
6.		My sta	atements concerning [Patient's Name], date of
birth			("Patient") are made based on the following:
		A.	The Patient's condition based on my review of the Patient's medical
			records [and Health Department Treatment Agreement, if applicable]
Ŷ.			noted in paragraphs 4 and 5 above;
		В.	My contact and personal experience with the Patient on the following
			dates:
			;
			[list dates, when, where, affiant saw Patient and/or talked with
			him/her]
		C.	My conversations with the following persons on the following dates who
			have talked with or seen the Patient on the dates noted:
			They called with or book the range of the dates from the

ney provided information to affiant; include when and where the
ersons talked with or saw Patient and what happened in each
astance; list by each occurrence]
ther circumstances known to me that form a basis for my statements
is affidavit:
;
ly training and experience have included the following information a
e [Communicable Disease, Infectious Agent, Patient's Condition
uspected Condition, and/or Biological/Chemical Agent (choose o

		[include basic information on the Communicable Disease, Infectious			
ž.		Agent, Condition, or Biological/Chemical Agent including what it is			
		(e.g., viral or bacteriological), how it is transmitted or transferred,			
		health effects, typical method of treatment from CDC or elsewhere,			
		etc.; basic information for court and parties]			
7.	The r	ecords and information referenced in paragraphs 4-6 above are of a type			
reasonably re	lied up	on by [physicians or nurses] in my particular field in forming opinions or			
inferences I e	xpress	in this affidavit on behalf of the Health Department.			
8.	On information and belief, Patient is a person who resides or is located in Salt				
Lake County,	State	of Utah.			
	A.	Patient has provided the Health Department with the following address:			
		and/or			

	В.	Health	Department Ama	nt has seen Patient	in Sait Lake County on the
		follow	ing dates and loca	tions or has informa	ation to that effect:
		[includ	de dates and loca	tions of contacts in	Salt Lake County by
		Affian	t, or if necessary,	by others with wh	nom Affiant has
		comm	unicated]		
9.	On infe	ormatio	n and belief, [base	ed on Patient's me	dical records and/or
communicat	ions] Pat	tient's d	late of birth is		and Patient is over the age of
18 [other ple	adings i	if Patier	nt is a minor].		
10.	The rec	cords, [1	my contact with t	he Patient or exan	nination of the Patient, and
information	from otl	hers] in	dicate[s] that Patie	ent is subject to rest	riction for the following
reasons [choo	se one o	or more]:		
	A.	The Pa	tient is infected or	suspected to be int	fected with a communicable
		disease	e of	("Communica	ble Disease'') that poses a
		threat t	o the public health	and has not taken	action as required by the
		Health	Department to pre	event the spread of	the disease.
		(1)	The Patient has b	een tested by a com	petent medical authority and

	;
[Bas	is: test results should be provided here]
The (Communicable Disease is a threat to the public health becaus
The I	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health
Depa	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health
Depa	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health artment to prevent the spread of the communicable disease. The Health Department has required the following of the
	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health artment to prevent the spread of the communicable disease.
Depa	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health artment to prevent the spread of the communicable disease. The Health Department has required the following of the
Depa	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health artment to prevent the spread of the communicable disease. The Health Department has required the following of the Patient:
Depa	Patient has not taken the actions required by the Health artment to prevent the spread of the communicable disease. The Health Department has required the following of the Patient:

[descri	be everything the Health Department has
require	ed, the date it was required, who communicate
that re	quirement, and the dates and times]
The Pat	tient has not complied with the requirements of th
Health 1	Department as follows:
[Patien	t failed to comply with the requirement,
includi	ng as many details as possible; may reference
Health	Department's treatment agreement or other
written	request, if applicable; may include offers to
meet at	location of Patient's choice; missing
appoint	tments; failure to contact Health Department;

AND/OR

B.	The Patient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with the				
	infecti	("Infectious Agent") that			
	poses a threat to the public health, and that could be spread to other				
	remedial action is not taken.				
	(1)	The Patient has been tested by a compe	etent medical authority and		
		found to be contaminated with the Infe	ctious Agent or the Patient		
		is suspected to be contaminated with the	ne Infectious Agent because		
		<u> </u>			
		, 	;		
		[basis: Test results should be provide	ed here]		
	(2)	The Infectious Agent is a threat to the	public health because		
		<u> </u>			
		·			
		; [why is it a problem;	what could happen]		
	(3)	The Infectious Agent could be spread t	o others if remedial action is		
		not taken as follows. The remedial act	ion that must be taken is:		
		19 2 0			

[wh	at must be done]
If th	ne remedial action is not taken, the Infectious Agent could
spre	ead to others as follows:
The	Patient has refused to take the remedial action as follows
[des	scribe failure to take remedial action; failure to contact
Hea	olth Department; use of Patient Agreement; dates, time
ner	sons involved, employer, job title, location]

AND/OR

C. The Patient is in a condition or suspected condition which, if the Patient is exposed to others, poses a threat to the public health, or is in a condition

which if treatment is not completed the Patient will pose a threat to the public health. The Patient is in a condition of and/or (1)has the disease of ____("[Shortened term for condition/disease]") or is suspected to be in a condition of or suspected to have ("[Shortened Term for condition/disease]"); [include test results, if any If the Patient is exposed to others, this condition/disease poses a (2)threat to the public health because _____ ; [communicable nature, other problems with exposing to others] AND/OR The Patient has the condition or disease of , (3)Completion of the Patient's treatment requires

If the 1	required treatment is not completed, the Patient will po
threat	to public health because
The Pa	atient has failed or refused to take or complete the treat
as follo	ows:
	
- 201-10	
[descr	ibe failure to take treatment or actions that make

Department; use Patient agreement; be specific as to what is required, how this was communicated to client, when and by whom; when and where Patient has not cooperated; include, dates, times, locations, persons involved, including names, employers, and job titles]

AND/OR

D. The Patient is contaminated or suspected to be		atient is contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with the	
	chemic	cal or biological agent of	
("Chemical/Biological Agent") that poses a threat to the public h			
	that could be spread to others if remedial action is not taken.		
	(1)	The Patient has been tested by and found to be contaminated with	
		the Chemical/Biological Agent or the Patient is suspected to be	
		contaminated with the Chemical/Biological Agent because	
			_
			;
		[basis: test results should be provided here.]	
	(2)	The Chemical/Biological Agent is a threat to the public health	
		because	_

The	Chemical/Biological Agent could be spread to others if
rem	edial action is not taken as follows. The remedial action
	t be taken is:
If th	e remedial action is not taken, the Chemical/Biological
coul	d be spread to others as follows:
The	Patient has refused to take the remedial action as follow
-	
0	

Health Department; use of Patient Agreement; dates, times, persons involved, employer, job title, location]

11.	The F	Patient is likely to fail to submit to examination, treatment, quarantine or
isolation if r	not imme	ediately restrained based on the following:
	A.	In the past, the Patient has refused to submit to examination, treatment,
		quarantine or isolation as follows:
		;
		[refusals of Patient to comply]
	В.	In the past, the Patient has not taken action as required by the Health
		Department to prevent the spread of the Communicable Disease as stated
		in paragraph 10(A)(3) above. OR
		In the past, the Patient has failed to take the remedial action to prevent the
		spread of the [Infectious Agent or Chemical/Biological Agent (choose
		as applicable)] to others as stated in paragraph [10(B)(4) or 10(D)(4)].

C.

In the past, the Patient has failed or refused to take or complete treatment
for the [shortened term for condition] as stated in paragraph $10(C)(5)$.
The following measures have been taken to encourage Patient to take
action to [prevent the spread of the Communicable Disease, Infectiou
Agent, Chemical/Biological Agent or complete treatment for the
[shortened term for condition]] but such measures have been
unsuccessful in obtaining Patient's cooperation [optional paragraph]
[describe offers of free lodging, rent payment, grocery coupons, bus passes, money for telephone calls, free treatment/medication,
passes, money for telephone cans, free treatment/medication,

treatment at location of Patient's choice, etc.]

(Other factors make it unlikely that Patient will submit to examination,
	reatment, quarantine or isolation if not immediately restrained:
-	
7	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-	will Patient leave town or disappear; comments to that effect; failure
1	to complete treatment in the past/leaving or discontinuing treatment
6	against medical advice in the past; missing appointments; ability to
	eave quickly (no job, few belongings,); chemical dependency;
1	violence or threats; refusal to consent; withdrawal of consent; failure
(or refusal to take advantage of housing or food coupon offers; offers
(of free housing or fill out applications; failure or refusal to take
-	ndvantage of free medication and phone call money; failure to contact
)	Health Department; offer to meet at location of Patient's choice;
**	anything else in Patient agreement; and so on] [optional paragraph]

	12.	The Pa	atient's likely failure to submit to examination, treatment, quarantine, and/or
isolatio	on wou	ld pose	a threat to the public health because
			Teffect of failure to allow examination, treatment, quarantine, and/or
isolati	on]		
	13.	In the	past, the Patient has refused to do the following:
		A.	submit to examination by a health professional as directed by the Health
			Department as follows:
			[describe details: what type of examination was requested, date,
			location, who made request; include written request if available;
			persons present (should include affiant if possible), date and time of
			Patient's refusal or failure to submit]; and/or

В.	voluntarily submit to examination, treatment, quarantine, and/or isolation
	as follows:
	[describe details: what type of examination, treatment, quarantine,
	and/or isolation was required, date, location, who made the request,
	include written request if available; persons present (should include
	affiant if possible) date and time of Patient's refusal or failure to
	submit.]
	[Must choose A or B; choose each applicable in B if B is chosen].
14.	The Health Department believes that the Patient must be subject to
involuntary examinat	tion, treatment, quarantine and/or isolation [choose applicable] in the
interest of public heal	th.
15.	I request that the court authorize [compulsory examination, treatment,
isolation and quarar	ntine (choose applicable)] of the Patient until such time, and no longer than
such time, as qualified	d medical [or other applicable] opinion determines that the Patient
may	be released.

Dated at Salt Lake County, Utah, thi	S	_ day of	, 200
		D.M. 0.4 T	, R.N./M.D.
	, R.N./M.D.		
Subscribed and sworn to before me	on this		, 200_ in my
capacity as a		for the Salt Lak	e Valley Health
Department.			
	NOTARY PUBLIC		
	Residing	in Salt Lake County,	Utah
My Commission Expires:			

DAVID E. YOCOM
Salt Lake County District Attorney
CRAIG W. ANDERSON (0078)
PAULA K. SMITH (5014)
Deputy District Attorney
2001 South State #3600
Salt Lake City, Utah 84190-1200
Telephone: (801) 468-2265

IN THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT, SALT LAKE DEPARTMENT SALT LAKE COUNTY, STATE OF UTAH

In Re: [Patient Name] DOB:	ORDER FOR EXAMINATION AND SETTING OF DATE FOR HEARING UPON PETITIONER'S REQUEST FOR INVOLUNTARY QUARANTINE, ISOLATION, AND TREATMENT Civil No. Judge			
	ed the Petition of the Salt Lake Valley Health Department e of an Order for the involuntary examination of, and setting of			
a hearing date for the involuntary is	solation, quarantine, treatment of			
("Patient"), and ha	aving further considered the accompanying affidavits and/or			
written statements attached to said	Petition, finds as follows:			
1. The Court has jurisc	1. The Court has jurisdiction over this petition pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 78-3-			
4(1). Venue is proper pursuant to	Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-5(1) (a).			

2.	That th	nere is a reasonable basis to believe that Patient has a condition of
		("shortened name of illness"), and that said condition
requires invol	untary e	examination for complete diagnosis of the extent of said condition pending a
hearing.		
3.	That th	nere is a reasonable basis to believe that Patient's condition also requires
involuntary quarantine, treatment, and/or isolation [select applicable] pending examination		
and a hearing.		
4.	That the Patient has refused to	
	A.	submit to examination by a health professional as directed by the
		Health Department and/or [add to petition and affidavits]
	В.	voluntarily submit to examination, treatment, quarantine, or isolation.
		[Choose applicable] [add to petition and affidavits]
5.	That U	Itah Code Ann. §§ 26A-6-1 et seq. permits the involuntary examination,
quarantine, treatment and/or isolation [if applicable] of Patient to prevent the spread of		
communicable disease, contamination with an infectious agent, conditions which do or will, if		
treatment is n	ot comp	pleted, pose a threat to the public health.
6.	That a	compulsory examination order should be issued to require Patient to be
examined and treated [if applicable] by, and /or placed in		
quarantine o	r isolat	ion [if applicable] at

7.	That Patient should submit to examination and quarantine, treatment, and or
isolation [as	s applicable] for the condition of
8.	That following said examination and quarantine, treatment and/or isolation [as
applicable]	this matter should be referred to further hearing as required by Utah Code Ann. § 26-
6b-6.	
	ORDER
NOV	W THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Patient be involuntarily examined
by	[medical personnel], for the condition of at
	[location], [wherein he was placed pursuant to the
temporary '	Written Order of Restriction issued by the Salt Lake Valley Health Department,
pending a he	earing pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-6.
IT IS	S FURTHER ORDERED that Patient be involuntarily quarantined, treated,
and/or isola	ated [as applicable] at [or same location] pending a
hearing purs	suant to Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-6.
IT IS	S FURTHER ORDERED that Patient cooperate with the demands of public health
officials and	d other medical personnel regarding the examination and quarantine, treatment,
and/or isola	ation [as applicable] of Patient's medical condition.
IT IS	S FURTHER ORDERED that law enforcement
Α.	assist the Health Department in locating Patient; and/or

B. assist the Health Department in enforcing this Order.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Salt Lake County Sheriff provide sufficient law enforcement personnel as needed to transport Patient to a the place for examination and quarantine, treatment, and/or isolation [as applicable] and to court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties, or their representatives, come before this Court for a hearing pursuant to Utah Code Ann. § 26-6b-6 for the purpose of determining whether Patient should submit to an Order of Restriction concerning Patient's examination, quarantine, isolation, and treatment, or any of them.

IT IS FURTHER	ED that such hea	ring shall be held on the day of
2004, at the hour of	m., at	, Courtroom No, Salt Lake
City, Utah, before the		, Judge of the above-entitled
Court.		
DATED this	day of	, 200
		BY THE COURT:
		By District Court Judge